		-1-ANTITRYPSIN TUMOR ANTIGEN FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTICS AND	
		N EARLY STAGE BREAST CANCER	
	Offering Organization:	Centro de Investigación y Asistencia en Tecnología y Diseño del Estado	
		de Jalisco, A.C.	
	Type of Organization:	Public Research Center	
	Development Stage:	Industry Pilot	
	Desired Relationship:	<ul> <li>Technological research and development financing (technological</li> </ul>	
		partner)	
		<ul> <li>Specialized application tests</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Creation of a new company (Joint Venture) for the</li> </ul>	
		commercialization of the products outlined herein	
		<ul> <li>Licensing of patents</li> </ul>	
	Sector:	Biotechnology	
	Area of knowledge:	Medicine	
	Key words:	Breast Cancer, Biomarker, Antigen, Alpha 1-Antitrypsin Tumor, A1AT,	
	,	Cancer Stage	
	DETAILED DESCRIPTION:		
Problem to be solved :			
		one of the most common malignancies in women and it is the leading	
	cause of death from cancer worldwide, with an incidence rate of 1.1 millio		
	annually. For this reason, early detection of breast cancer is extremely important. The of mammography has proved effective; there has been a reduction in mortality of 200 35% in women between the ages of 40 and 69 years. The predictive value		
	mammography is however decreased when patients have denser breast tissue, sma		
	lesions or are pre-menopausal.		
Solution:			
	This current invention, a biomarker which is applicable in the biomedical technology f		
	identifies and classifies cancer stages in patients. It specifically detects autoantibodies		
	patients in the early stages of breast cancer in order to distinguish them from heal		
	patients. The biomarker is used as an autoantigen to detect autoantibodies in the		
	-	via immunoassays. This biomarker will prevent patients from reaching a	
	more advanced cancer stage (stage III and IV). This will increase survival rates, reduc		
		nd consequently reduce costs.	
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	New and Innovative Aspects:		
	The results suggest that the A1AT and antibodies used against this protein are goo		
	indicators for detecting breast cancer and diagnosing it in early stages.		
	TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS:		
	It has been demonstrated that the serum from cancer patients contains antibodies		
	react with autoantigens called tumor-associated antigens (TAA). An immunoproteo		
study was done of 25 serums of breast cancer patients in stage II and 20 ser			
	healthy donors to detect the TAAs. The pre-classified serum samples were subject		
	2DE and were transferred to nitrocellulose membranes (NC). These were incubated with		
		patient groups. When comparing the 2D Western Blot patterns you can	

see that three proteins were from healthy patients. All three proteins obtained from the 2D gels were analyzed using MALDI-MS. The results show that the protein is Alpha-1-antitrypsin (A1AT). A 1DE Western blot analysis was performed to confirm the presence of protein A1AT antibodies in the patients' serums. It was detected in 24 of 25 (96%) breast cancer patients and -2 of 20 (10%) in the control group. Our results suggest that using A1AT and antibodies against this protein are useful as indicators in breast cancer screenings and in diagnosis in the early stages.

Main advantages derived from its utilization:

- This biomarker identifies and classifies cancer stages in patients in the early stages of breast cancer in order to distinguish them from -healthy patients.
- This biomarker will prevent patients from reaching a more advanced cancer stage (stages III or IV). This will increase survival rates, reduce mortality rates, and consequently reduce costs.
- This biomarker can be used when mammography is not effective, for example, when patients have dense breast tissue, small lesions or are pre-menopausal.

Applications:

Breast Cancer

Breast cancer			
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY			
<ul> <li>Patent applicati</li> </ul>	Patent application filed in 2010		
<ul> <li>Patent applicati</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Patent application number: MX/a/2010/014331</li> </ul>		
ABOUT THE OFFERING ORGANIZATION			
Presentation:	El Centro de Investigación y Asistencia en Tecnología y Diseño del Estado de Jalisco, A.C. (CIATEJ) is a public research center that belongs to the national technology development and innovation network, the National Council for Science and Technology (CONACyT). CIATEJ is focused on the agricultural, food, health, and environmental sectors with an emphasis on the application of innovative biotechnology.		
Contact Information:	Evaristo Urzúa Esteva - <u>eurzua@ciatej.net.mx</u>		